SAFETY DATA SHEET LIQUITEX PROFESSIONAL SPRAY PAINT

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking			
1.1. Product identifier			
Product name	LIQUITEX PROFESSIONAL SPRAY PAINT		
1.2. Relevant identified	1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	Fine Art Painting		
1.3. Details of the suppl	lier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	ColArt International Holdings Ltd. The Studio Building 21 Evesham Street London W11 4AJ United Kingdom +44 (0)208 424 3200 R.Enquiries@colart.co.uk		
Contact person	Regulatory Manager		
Manufacturer	ColArt International SA 5 Rue Rene Panhard Z.I .Nord 72021 Le Mans Cedex 2 +33 2 43 83 83 00		

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone+44 (0)208 424 3200 This telephone number is available during office hours only 09:00 to
17:00 GMT Language English.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture		
Classification		
Physical hazardsAerosol 2 - H223, H229		
Health hazards	Not Classified	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	

Classification (67/548/EEC or ;R10. 1999/45/EC)

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements

H223 Flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated

Precautionary statements	 P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P102 Keep out of reach of children.
	P102 Keep out of reach of children. P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures		
Ethyl Alcohol		18-27
CAS number: 64-17-5	EC number: 200-578-6	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457610-43-XXXX
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
DIMETHYL ETHER		10-30%
CAS number: 115-10-6	EC number: 204-065-8	REACH registration number: 01-
		2119472128-37
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Flam. Gas 1 - H220	F+;R12	
Press. Gas		
ACETONE		0.1-3.5
CAS number: 67-64-1	EC number: 200-662-2	REACH registration number: 01-
		2119471330-49-xxxx
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	F;R11 Xi;R	36 R66 R67
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
METHANOL		<19
CAS number: 67-56-1	EC number: 200-659-6	REACH registration number: 01-
		2119433307-44-xxxx
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	F;R11 T;R2	23/24/25,R39/23/24/25
Acute Tox. 3 - H301		
Acute Tox. 3 - H311		
Acute Tox. 3 - H331		
STOT SE 1 - H370		

PROPAN-2-OL CAS number: 67-63-0	EC number: 200-661	-7 REACH registration num 2119457558-25-xxxx	<1% nber: 01-
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) F;R11 Xi;R36 R67	
TRIETHYLAMINE			<1%
CAS number: 121-44-8	EC number: 204-469)-4	
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT SE 3 - H335 Eye Dam. 1 - H318		Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) F;R11 C;R35 Xn;R20/21/22	
2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL			<1%
CAS number: 108-01-0	EC number: 203-542	2-8	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT SE 3 - H335 Eye Dam. 1 - H318		Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R10 C;R34 Xn;R20/21/22	
Polyethylene glycol octylphenyl ether CAS number: 9036-19-5			<0.3%
Classification Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) -	
METHYL ACETATE CAS number: 79-20-9	EC number: 201-185	i-2	<1%
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) F;R11 Xi;R36 R66 R67	

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments	Ethyl Alcohol has a specific Concentration limit of >50% for causes serious eye irritation
	(H319). Therefore this classification is not applied to the product., Contains SVHC, CAS 9036-
	19-5≥ 0.1%. For Deep Yellow Hue, Cadmium Red Light Hue, Quina Magenta, Prusian Blue 5,
	Prusian Blue Hue, Phthalo Blue (Red Shade), Turquoise, Brilliant Blue, Phthalo Green (Blue
	shade) 6, 5, Permanent Green Deep, Emerald Green, HK Green H P, Permanent SAP green,
	Permanent Viridian Hue and Hue 5 Only.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures		
General information	Move affected person to fresh air at once.	
Inhalation	Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames. Move affected person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention.	
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
Eye contact	If liquid has entered the eyes, proceed as follows. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.	

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with the following media: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.	
5.2. Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. FLAMMABLE. May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures		
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
Personal precautions	Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.	

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots,
	clothing or apron, as appropriate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames
	or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Leave small quantities
	to evaporate, if safe to do so. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of
	explosion.

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage		
7.1. Precautions for safe handling		
Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Eliminate all sources of ignition.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C. Store at moderate temperatures in dry, well ventilated area.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	
SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection		

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ethyl Alcohol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m³

DIMETHYL ETHER

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 400 ppm 766 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 500 ppm 958 mg/m³

ACETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

METHANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 200 ppm(Sk) 266 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 250 ppm(Sk) 333 mg/m3(Sk)

PROPAN-2-OL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 400 ppm 999 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³

TRIETHYLAMINE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 2 ppm(Sk) 8 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 4 ppm(Sk) 17 mg/m3(Sk)

2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 2 ppm 7.4 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 6 ppm 22 mg/m³

METHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 200 ppm 616 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 250 ppm 770 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.
Hygiene measures	DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

9.1. mormation on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Aerosol.	
Colour	Various colours.	
Odour	Organic solvents.	
Flash point	<40°C	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 1.8	
Other flammability	Aerosol ignition distance: 30 cm	
Auto-ignition temperature	> 400°C	
Comments	Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.	
9.2. Other information		
Other information	Not available.	
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1. Reactivity		
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Avoid the following conditions: Heat, sparks, flames.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions		
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decompositionThermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or
vapours. Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information			
11.1. Information on toxicological effects			
Acute toxicity - oral			
ATE oral (mg/kg)	18,993.35		
Acute toxicity - dermal			
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Not determined.		
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	56,980.06		
Acute toxicity - inhalation			
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Not determined.		
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	569.8		
Inhalation	Vapours in high concentrations are narcotic. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Dizziness. Nausea, vomiting.		
Skin contact	Skin irritation should not occur when used as recommended. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.		
Eye contact	Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.		
Acute and chronic health hazards	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems. Prolonged or repeated exposure to vapours in high concentrations may cause the following adverse effects: Nausea, vomiting. Headache. Gas or vapour in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system.		
Route of entry	Inhalation		
Target organs	Central nervous system Respiratory system, lungs		
Medical symptoms	Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Dizziness. Arrhythmia, (deviation from normal heart beat).		
SECTION 12: Ecological Inform	SECTION 12: Ecological Information		

Ecotoxicity	There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.	
12.1. Toxicity		
Acute toxicity - fish	Not determined.	
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	Not determined.	
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	Not determined.	
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	Not determined.	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

Highly volatile and will rapidly evaporate to the air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
13.1. Waste treatment methods		
General information	Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty.	
Disposal methods	Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.	
Waste class	08 01 11* - waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances	
SECTION 14: Transport inform	ation	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1950	
UN No. (IMDG)	1950	
UN No. (ICAO)	1950	
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	
Proper shipping name (ADN)	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	s)	
ADR/RID class	2.1	
ADR/RID label	2.1	
IMDG class	2.1	
ICAO class/division	2.1	
Transport labels		
14.4. Packing group		
Not applicable.		
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Environmentally hazardous sul	bstance/marine pollutant	
No.		
14.6. Special precautions for u		
Tunnel restriction code	(D)	
14.7. Transport in bulk accordi	ng to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

EU legislation	Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC.
	Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC.
	System of specific information relating to Dangerous Preparations. 2001/58/EC.
	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16
	December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18
	December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of
	Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information		
Revision date	28/07/2015	
Revision	9	
Supersedes date	18/06/2015	
Risk phrases in full	 R10 Flammable. R11 Highly flammable R12 Extremely flammable. R20/21/22 Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. R20/22 Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed. R34 Causes burns. R35 Causes severe burns. R36 Irritating to eyes. R37 Irritating to respiratory system. R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	
Hazard statements in full	 H220 Extremely flammable gas. H223 Flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H370 Causes damage to organs . H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 	

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